

Addressograph		

UREA CYCLE DEFECT (NEW DIAGNOSIS) Care Plan

Use in conjunction with Medical Guidelines for management of Metabolic Disorders for required investigation.

		n: is at risk of neurological damage due to elevated serum ammonia and she levels.		Date: Planned By:		Problem No: 78
		Knowledge deficit due to new diagnosis.				
Go		To prevent / reduce risk of neurological damage by reducing ammonia and glutamine levels to normal range. To educate parent(s) / child regarding diagnosis and management and provide support (where applicable). To initiate and maintain prescribed treatment.				
Nu	irsing C	are	Self / fam	ily care	count	and sign / tersign hanges
1.		neurological status using Glasgow Coma Scale. Document and report evidence of deteriorating neurological e.g. irritability, drowsiness, lethargy, ataxia, slurred speech, head-banging, seizures, coma etc.	1 ' '	ill give history of usual behaviour		
2.	Assess	nd record vital signs (TPR, BP and Oxygen Saturation) hourly. Report deviations from norm.	pattern (n a	pplicable).		
3.	Assist v	ith laboratory investigations e.g. Ammonia, Amino Acids.				
	Sample	ia may be falsely elevated by Haemolysis, use of tourniquet, distress, traumatic sampling, proximity to wet nappy. s must be received in Laboratory within 10 minutes of sampling. Contact technician on call outside normal lab. and wait until arrival in hospital before proceeding with sampling.				
4.		ter ammonia reducing / alternative pathway drugs as prescribed. Adhere to manufacturer / metabolic protocols nistration of Arginine, Sodium Benzoate and Sodium Phenylbutyrate. Monitor for side effects.	Family will provide comfort and reassurance pre, inter			
5. Begin education programme with parents re. administration of medications.				and following procedures (where possible). Encourage		
6.	Admini	ter Intravenous Dextrose / Intralipid as prescribed (use in conjunction with IV cannulation care plan).	1 '	be present and		
7.	Liaise v	ith Metabolic and Dietetic teams re. diet including protein and calorie Intake.	1 '	investigations.		
8.	Diet: Re	fer to diet sheet for feeding regime.				
	a.	Forprotein exchanges as mls milk / formula (insert name and volumes prescribed) (delete as appropriate) or as solids / food.	Parent(s)	will assist in		
	b.	For Dialamine (Nitrogen depleted formula)	(- /	oral hygiene.		
	C.	For calories / day.				
9.	_	te with Mum / Dad re. feeding, feed preparation. Educate (in conjunction with Dietetic team) re. need for ed protein.				

Nursing Care	Self/ family care	Date and sign / countersign any changes
 Use nasogastric / gastrostomy feeding (use in conjunction with relevant care plan) to supplement calorie and nutritional intake where unable to tolerate prescribed volumes orally. Attend to oral hygiene hourly. Size N.G. Tube FG. Commence teaching programme re. insertion and use of nasogastric tube (where applicable). 		
13. Monitor blood glucose 4-6 hourly when on Intravenous regime.		
14. Refer to Guidelines on Management of Metabolic patients for instructions.		
15. Promote periods of uninterrupted rest to avoid stress and increased metabolic rate.		
16. Weigh daily / alternate days / twice weekly / weekly (delete as appropriate).		
17. Observe skin for decreased integrity due to restricted protein.		
18. Record Intake and Output. Refer to team re. replacement of lost calories (vomiting or diarrhoea)		
19 is allowed a grace when vomits ofmls (confirm same with Consultant); thereafter Replace ml for ml		
using feeds (insert name). Liaise with Dietitian and Metabolic team re. instructions.	Parent(s) will inform staff of skin breakdown noted during	
20. Provide ongoing support and feedback to parents on procedures, investigations and results. Promote family-centred care.	bathing, dressing or toileting.	
Allow time for questions. Liaise with Metabolic Nurse Specialist, Dietetic team and other members of the Multi-		
disciplinary team with regard to provision of information, support and education. Encourage parents to communicate		
worries and concerns		
21. Provide age appropriate explanation to Involve play specialist where appropriate.		
22. Commence discharge planning (Use Patient Discharge plan and teaching plans for medication administration and NG		
feeding etc) to ensure support network is in place. Liaise with Dietetic team to ensure well and unwell dietary regimes are		
provided pre-discharge (1-2 days notification necessary).		